Monarch ...Grocery Company ...

84 E. Washington St.

The cold wave has struck us, but has not knocked us out. We open this morning ready for business, and to begin our twenty-year contract as benefactors of the good housekeepers of Indianapolis.

Come in during the day and get acquainted, and if you want any goods try some of our

Fine California Hams, Sc per lb. Honey-cured Hams, finest in the land, 111c per lb.

Good Crushed Java Coffee, 16c Fine Rossted Rio, 23c per lb. Our Hoffman House Java and

Mocha, finest in the world at the price, 37/c per lb. Sweet Corn, a good one, 6c per can.

Good Peas, 6c per can. 3-por md Tomatoes, 9c per can. 3-pound Table Peaches, 10c per

3- pound Pie Peaches, Sc per can. California Apricots, 12c per can. California Peaches, 13c per can. California Plums, 121c per can. Flake Oatmeal, 9 pounds for 25c. Rice, 5c per lb.

Good Cooking Molasses, 19c. English Currants, 3c. California Prunes, 4 lbs for 25c. California Sliced Pears, Sc per lb.

To-day every purchaser will be given a souvenir box of fine French Candy, just so you won't forget us. Then to refresh everybody, the finest ice cream soda will be furnished at 3c per glass, and we will treat you just as well every other day you come. Another thing we want you to remember: all goods are guaranteed as represented or money refunded. One price to all.

MONARCH GROCERY CO

84 E. Washington St.

BIG 4 ROUTE

- TO -

CLEVELAND, BUFFALO, ALBANY, NEW YORK And BOSTON.

Without change of cars. Tue celebrated SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED leaves indianapolis at 3:00 p. m. daily, The pepular NEW YORK AND NEW ENGLAND EXPRESS leaves Indianapolis at 4:00 a. m. daily. CLEVELAND MAIL AND EXPRESS leaves Indianapolis at 17:00 a. m For tickets and sleeping-car reservations call et Big Four Offices, No. 1 East Washington etreet, 36 Jackson Place and Union Station.

H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

THE C., H. & D. R. R. Is the most delightful route between INDIANAPOLIS and CINCINNATI. Persons visiting the city on the Ohio and other points reached by this line will find it greatly to their pleasure to take this SUPERB ROUTE.

(Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Ry. Co.)

The Vestibuled Pullman Car Line

į	No. 30-Chicago Limited, Pullman Vestibuled Coaches, Parlor and
	Dining Cars, daily
	Arrive Chicago 6:00 p. m
	No. 36-Chicago Night Express, Puliman Vestibuled Coaches and
	Sleepers daily 1:10 a. m
	Arrive Chicago 7:55 a. m
	No. 10-Monon Accommodation, daily except Sunday 3:30 p. m
	ARRIVE AT INDIANAPOLIS.
	No. 33-Vestibule, daily
	daily except Sunday
	stands at west end Union Station and can be taken at 8:30 p. m. daily.
	For forther information call at Union Ticket Office corner Illinois street and Kentucky avenue, and

Sunday Journal, by mail, \$2 a Year

WAGON WHEAT 53c ACME MILLING COMPANY, 252 West Washington street.

THE LAST CHANCE

It is NOW or NEVER, as to-night closes our Great and Successful Sale of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold Watches. They are 14-Karat Gold-filled Cases, with either Waltham or Elgin movements, and guaran-teed for twenty years. The price is only

Also, fine Rolled-plated Chains, that are warranted for five years, at 98c.

SPRING HATS

Special Sale of Men's Pearl Tourist Hats, with Black Bands: Our \$3 Hats for.....\$1.96

We are prepared for the rush. Come early.

THE WHEN

POPULAR SPRING DRESS FABRICS

Arnold's SHANTONG PONGEE. Arnold's SCONE BATISTE. Arnold's CREPE MOIRE. TELA VELA PRINTED DUCKS.
40-inch Grecian PRINTED LAWNS. PRINTED YARN CHAMBRAYS. Arnold's CREPE MOIRE. SIMPSON CANTON CLOTH.

SIMPSON SUPERFINE PRINTED BROCADE CHAMBRAY. We are in daily receipt of the newest printings in above, and other desirable Wash Goods.

Stocks complete in all departments. Lowest prices always a certainty MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO.,

Related by an American.

Natives Attacked by Soldiers in the

Etreets-British Troops Still in

Possession of the Place.

letter received here to-day from Capt. E. T.

residents of the place would have been

"After the formation of the provisional government the commander of the Cleo-

patra compelled the Nicaraguan troops to

retire to Greytown, and they sailed for that

place on the Cleopatra on the 5th inst

Lieutenant Colman, of the ship, and seventy-five mariners were left to prevent fur-

ther trouble. After the vesser sailed it was

found that some of the soldiers remained be-

hind. That afternoon some twenty Amer-

icans and myself were on the streets when

soldiers commenced to make arrests. One

soldier drew a revolver and fired three shots

into a crowd of natives. They attacked

him and nearly beat him to death. That

night a frightful riot commenced between

the soldiers and the natives. The streets

were filled with armed men and the great-

est excitement prevailed. About forty shots

were fired during the rlot, two soldiers and

one native being killed and several seriously

Lieutenant Colman, who was encamped a

short distance down the river, and he came

to our relief and has since remained in charge

of the town. The Cleopatra returned on the

5th, and increased the number of men

ashore to 125. Yesterday (March 9) four

tion were found secreted near the town,

discovered near by, all having been con-

cealed by the Nicaraguan soldiers. It is

believed they intended to return when the

war ship went away and sack the town.

The Americans have asked the commander

of the Cleopatra to stay here and protect

home, and he has promised to stay unti

relieved by another ship. Have all our

become of them? If it had not been for

our British cousins God only knows what

would have been the fate of Americans. All

Still in an Unsettled State.

NEW ORLEANS, Marca 23 .- The condi-

tion of affairs in Bluefields, Nicaragua, is

as unsettled as ever. The English are still

in control of the police protection of the

city, and are in fact in practical control of

the entire reservation. Lacayo remains at

Bluefields and refuses to vacate, but his po-

for payment of shipping dues. Late last

night the steamship William G. Hewes,

of the Southern Pacific line, arrived from

news. The committee of three Nicaraguans

appointed to arrange for a provisional gov-

ernment had held several meetings, but,

having come to no agreement, disbanded

There now seems to be no attempt what-

The commander of the Cleopatra, besides

being the commander of the police protec-

tion of the city, has assumed control of the

government to a certain extent, and this

is all the government there is in the city.

Commissioner Lacayo remains in the city

and refuses to go out of the boundaries of

a British battle ship came in sight off the

bluffs of Bluefields, and during the after-

noon anchored near the Cleopatra. This

anchorage and the Cleopatra will travel for

the northern seas. Several days ago Lacavo

received a letter from the President of

Nicaragua, instructing the commissioner to

place in the streets of Bluefields fifty armed

men to serve as patrol, and one thousand

would be sent as reinforcements if they

were wanted. This letter was shown to the

commander of the Cleopatra, and Lacayo

was advised, if he wished to preserve

peace in the reservation, to decline to re-

ceive the men and to dismiss the troops

that still hung around Bluefields. Lacayo

took this advice, and the following day the

remnants of the original body which took

the town some weeks ago were sent by boat

A Cruel Georgia Sshoolmarm.

ATHENS, Ga., March 23 .- This city has

unique sensation furnished by Miss Susie

Newton, a teacher in the public schools.

disobedient scholars by giving them copi

ous draughts of quassia water. The daugh-

ter of Joel T. Dean was made quite sick,

Buried the Proceeds of Her Fraud.

uty United States Marshal Cole has re-

turned from Kanawha county with Mar-

garet Moore, who obtained money from the

woman took Cole to a remote part of the county where she had buried the money.

Cole dug up \$800, which will be turned over

Suicide of a Traveling Man.

CHICAGO, March 23 .- William Henry

Hart, traveling salesman for a New York

house, and said to belong to a wealthy

Kentucky family, was found in a saloon in

an unconscious condition last night. He

had taken morphine, it is supposed, with

suicidal intent. Hart is thirty years old and married. He died to-day.

government on a fraudulent pension.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., March 23 .- Dep-

and the parents are indignant. An investi-

gation will be made.

to the government.

It is alleged that she has been punishing

ever to bring about a peaceful government

to-day 14,000 more cartridges were

The foreign residents sent for

killed. Captain Ryder continues:

(Wholesale Exclusively,) DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, WOOLENS, ETC.

93, 95, 97 & 99 South Meridian St.

G. A. VAN PELT-17TH YEAR. Any one claiming to be my successor is a FRAUD. Fine Flour and Food Cereals. 121 NORTH DELAWARE ST. TEL. 396.

M. M. CUMMINGS. Is headquarters just the same. Keeps the best grades of Flour and Food Cereals, Glutea, entire Wheat Flours, Medicated Foods and Corn Meal, Rolled Oats, Rolled Wheat, Hofniny, Canned Goods. All goods in my store are new and fresh. No old goods that can be cut on. For sale at 62 North Delaware street, Cali Telephone 703, new book.

Best Made. Ask your Grocer

IOWA'S NEW LIQUOR LAW. It Provides for Local Option and High

License in Cities and Towns. DES MOINES, Ia., March 23.-The new iquor law adopted by the State Legislature and awaiting Governor Jackson's signature ontains the following provisions:

A tax of \$600 per annum is to be issued igainst every one engaged in the sale of ntoxicating liquors except registered pharmacists; assessments are to be made in December, March, June and September and returned to the county auditor by the assessor fails to perform his duty any three citizens of the county can procure the listing of names and places by a verified statement addressed to the county auditor. Any person so assessed shall have the right of apeal to the board of supervisors. Either he petitioner or the county attorney may appeal to the District Court. The tax shall be levied by the board of supervisors in September and shall be payanie semi-an nually on or before the 1st day of April and October of each year, and in case of failure a penalty of 20 per cent. shall be added together with 1 per cent. per month. Tax sales shall be held by the county treasurer the first Monday in June and December, at which time all property on which taxes for the sale of liquor have become a lien shall be offered for sale. Revenue from this tax shall be paid into the county treasury and one-half shall go to the general county funds and one-half to the municipal-It is made the duty of county attorney to see that this act is enforced. In cities of 5,000 or more the tax may be paid quarterly, and such payment shall be a bar to proceedings under the prohibitory law. It is required that a resolution consenting to such sales must be adopted by the city councils, and it together with a statement of consent of resident free hold ers owning property within fifty feet of the premises where the business is carried on must be filed with the county auditor. No saloon shall be located within three hundred feet of a church or school house. A bond of \$3,000 must be filed with the county auditor; the sale of liquors must be in a single room" with but one entrance, and that opening on a public business street. No games are to be allowed in this or adjoining rooms.

Provision is made for towns of less than ,000 whereby the act may become operative by 65 per cent, of the voters signing a statement of consent. City councils or a majority of voters may suspend the clause which makes the payment of the tax operate as a | the southern seaport town with the latest bar under the present law.

Women's Temperance Ticket. ABILENE, Kan., March 23.-At a mass meeting the women of Enterprise, a town of 1,000 people in this county, have put up a complete temperance ticket composed of women. Mrs. M. Kohler, wife of ex-State Senator Kohler, was nominated for Mayor, Mrs. Kate Haines for police judge and a full quota of council members were named. All are married and they propose to purify

No Lynching Contemplated. AUSTIN, Tex., March 23.-Referring to the telegram from Chicago last night warning Governor Hogg that he will be held responsible by the anti-lynching league for the lynching of sixteen negroes in Matagorda county should he make no effort to protect them, the Governor says he has no information of a contemplated lynching of negroes in Matagorda county. He further says: "H. G. Boulding, a prominent planter, was shot to death by negroes in that county March 19, and several of them are under arrest, but everything is quiet there, with no desire or intimation of lynching the prisoners. As the league has seen fit to communicate to me through the

Proposed Mormon Colony in Mexico. CHIHUAHUA, Mex., March 23.-A dele gation of Mormons has arrived in the Degolado district, situated in the northern part of this State, and are making the preliminary arrangements to establish there a colony of several thousand polygamous Mormons. The new settlers will come from Salt Lake and other parts of Utah. The concessions which the Mormon leaders have obtained from the government are liberal ones, and embrace 2,745,000 acres of rich agricultural lands in one body. If the plans now under way are completed in time there will be a great exodus of Mormons from the United States to Mexico this fall.

papers I'll pay no attention to their tele-gram should I receive it."

Hodges Defeats Showalter. NEW YORK, March 23.-The twelfth game in the United States chess champion ship match tetween Showalter and Hodges was played to-day. Hodges won by a brilliant sacrifice of one of his knights. The score now stands: Showalter, 5; Hodges, 4;

McKane's Lawyers Scored. NEW YORK, March 23.-Justice O'Brien, the Supreme Court, to-day denied the application for a writ of habeas corpus in behalf of John Y. McKane. In his remarks Justice O'Brien, scored McKane's lawyers for their repeated applications to the same

A DESPERADO'S DEED

Presented a Demand for Money to a San Francisco Cashier.

And Because It Was Refused, Drew a Revolver and at the Second Shot Killed the Bank Employe.

THE MURDERER WOUNDED

Captured by the Police and Identified as a Noted Oriminal.

St. Louis Banks and Merchants Victimized by a Trio of Skillful Forgers Who Cashed Bogus Checks.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23 .- A man Francisco Savings Union, which is situated at the corner of Market and Polk streets, about 9:30 o'clock this morning. He presented a written demand for money to Cashler W. M. A. Herrick. The demand was refused, whereupon the desperado murdered the cashier and fled, but was captured a few blocks away. The note presented to the murdered cashier read as

"Mr. Cashier-After considering my de-plorable condition I am convinced that this life is not worth living without desperate means, and, therefore, I am resolved to make one more effort to seek help to sustain my miserable existence. Should you not comply with my demand I am compelled to employ my last remedy-a bottle of nitroglycerine-and to bury myself under the ruins of the building, blasted to everlasting nothingness. Yours respectfully, "A DESPONDENT MAN."

This note was penned in red ink, and at the bottom was rudely sketched a skull

After glancing at the document, Herrick RIOT AT BLUEFIELDS turned to the man with a shake of his head. The man drew a revolver and fired, but his aim was bad. Herrick seized his pistol, which lay beside his desk. The cash-Incidents of the Recent Trouble ier and desperado fired at each other almost simultaneously. The former missed, but the latter's second shot found its mark. The bullet passed into Herrick's heart. As the murderer turned to flee, Bookkeeper C. S. Melvin drew a pistol and sent a number of bullets after him, two of which took effect. The assassin was pursued from the scene by a farge crowd of people, among whom were a number of police officers. The PROVINCETOWN, Mass., March 23 .- A fugitive jumped into a wagon and drove several blocks. Finally he turned into a Ryder, formerly of this place, contains this blind alley and was forced to abandon the interesting fact concerning the situation at wagon. He jumped over a fence into a Bluefields, Nicaragua, where he now reyard and crawled under a vacant house. sides. He reviews affairs at Bluefields pre-There the officers located him, and, though the murderer had a pistol in his possession, vious to the arrival of the British war ship Cleopatra, and says that if it had not been for her coming all American and foreign

Upon the prisoner were found two 45-calibre pistols, a belt full of cartridges, a dirk to ignite dynamite. Upon being taken to the city prison he gave his name as Fred Bennett, and said he came here from Denver last week. He had been seriously wounded by Melvin's bullets, one striking his temple, near the eye, the other lodging in his left shoulder. It was not long before the police recognized in their prisoner a desperate criminal for whom the authorities Fredericks, an ex-convict, who was for a long time a confederate of the bandit, Chris Evans. He killed Sheriff Pascoe, and subsequently killed a Southern Pacific brakeman named Benjamin Bruce. He is the man who supplied the arms to George Sontag and his companions at the time they made their futile attempt to escape from prison. Frederick's last victim, Cashier Herrick, was thirty-five years of age, and re-

FORGED BANK CHECKS. St. Louis Banks Suffer at the Hands

of Three Swindlers. LOUIS, March 23 .- A series of forghas been unearthed in this At least eight banks have suffered, and probably more. The aggregate ships gone on Roncador reef, or what has of the forged paper, which was bank has gone into the pockets of a gang of business is at a standstill, and no one professionals. The number of persons in the gang is supposed to not exceed three, but their knowledge of banking and business methods and the versatility of their forgeries are admittedly ample. Their preparations were elaborate, and consumed some time, but when ready their haul was made with astonishing celerity. As only a few of their checks have been passed upon by any of the alleged drawers it is impossition is not recognized, and the Americans sible to say how much the forgers took, continue to ignore his demand upon them but it will not be less than \$20,000. The forgers first took account of the fact that checks drawn by business houses are written usually upon the firm's own lithographed heading, protected by serial numand two natives of New Orleans which was bers on check and stub. The forgers, therefore, not only counterfeited the blank check forms of their victims, but numbered their checks close to the numbers of the checks then running with each victimized firm, To do this opportunity to see the genuine check books was accomplished in various ways. In one case, that of the Charles W. Melcher Machine Company, whose signa-ture was forged to a check for \$500, a young man, stating that he represented the printthe reservation. The Cleopatra still rides at ing house which lithographed the firm's anchor off Bluefields, but is expected to leave very shortly. On Friday night last vessel is expected to remain at her present tinental Bank lost \$500.

checks, asked permission to see its check book, as he was sent out to trace up books alleged to have been badly lithographed. The ruse succeeded, and was probably used in other cases. In this instance the Con-As nearly as can be learned, all the forgeries were uttered last Friday and Saturday. Of the alleged drawers of the forged checks the signatures of F. E. Little & Co., feather dealers, and Julius Labsap. wholesale clothier, are known to have been forged, in addition to that of the Melcher Machine Company. In the case of Julius Labsap, not only was Mr. Labsap's signature forged, but the man who did this was evidently thoroughly conversant with the clothier's affairs. The latter, as a rule, in drawing checks, puts in parentheses the purpose for which the money is paid out. immediately following the amount. In the forged check this peculiarity was observed and served to disarm suspicion at the bank. Woodward & Tiernan printed the checks for the Melcher Machine Company and F. E. Little & Co., and are very much interested in having the forgery run down, and have offered a reward to the police for their capture. The corps of detectives and police who have been set to work on these cases acknowledge that they are completely at sea as yet as to the men working the banks and obtaining the information necessary to make these successful forgeries. and in their desire to make their work more sure they decline to give the names of the banks or the victimized check drawers. The admissions of the police, however, are sufficient to confirm the opening statement of this item that fully eight banks have been victimized to the amount of \$20,000 or more. Another theory advanced is that the forgerles were the work of the men who recently robbed Texas banks by means of raised

Late to-night it was developed that only \$3,000 was secured on six forged checks of

Forged Notes. WICHITA, Kan., March 23 .- Constable Green has arrested a prominent farmer named John J. Hatfield, the cashier of a Sedgwick City bank, named George Landerson, and a warrant is out for Thomas says Fulford made an offer to pay Mrs. Pixley \$10 a week, and would not sign any papers binding himself to do that Mr.

Hazzard, now in the East, on a charge of forgery and causing to be forged promissory notes for large sums, in all half a dozen or more different forgeries. The sum runs up into thousands of dollars. Most of the property subject to this forgery is said to be located in Barry county, Missouri. The notes were acknowledged before a notary named McCrow at Cheney, this county. The people who purchased these notes are named McCrow at Cheney, this county.
The people who purchased these notes are
J. W. Ramsey, of the firm of Thompson &
Bland. The arrest has created a sensation
and the trial will be watched with interest.

SPEECH BY INGERSOLL.

The Colonel Takes Part in a Republican Convention at Danville, Ill.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. DANVILLE, Ill., March 23 .- Republicans of Vermillion county had their convention to-day. The main feature was the unexpected address of Col. Robert G. Ingersoll, who is billed to lecture here this evening It was the first time for years that the politicians have enjoyed a political speech from their old friend, who for many years lived at Peoria, and they thoroughly appreciated it. Colonel Ingersoil said that he was out of politics, but he was a Republican and earnestly desired party success on account of the general prosperity that it would bring to the entire country. He wanted to see every workingman and his family well clothed; his children well fed and on their way to school with plenty of books. He charged the hard times to the Democracy, because the capitalists were afraid to invest their money in manufactur-ing enterprises and the purchasing mer-chant would not buy, hoping that free trade would make prices cheaper. This caused the money to stagnate in the banks. He wanted to see America produce everything that Americans use. As an illustration, he said: "If we purchase railroad iron in England at \$20 a ton, they have the money and we

have the iron. If we pay \$25 a ton, we have both the money and the iron." He claimed that a nation that produced raw material for export would always be cursed with poverty, and that the only road to riches and intellectual development was in the manufacture of raw material. He attacked President Cleveland for his duplicity in sending Minister Willis with an open letter of credentials to President Dole, the same time giving him a sealed letter to the deposed Queen to knife Dole. He denominated such treachery as unworthy a Chicago "bunco steerer." The convention indorsed Shelby M. Cullom for United States Senator, J. G. Cannon for Congress, J. D. Benedict, of Dan-ville, for State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and M. B. Bailey and James P. Fletcher for the Legislature. Resolutions were adopted favoring Hawaiian an-

VULTURES OF GOTHAM

he would soon be relegated to private life.

nexation. Gov. John P. Altgeld was de-nounced for exceeding his powers, disgrac-

ing the State and imperiling its peace by his anarchistic course. It was hoped that

Sixteen Criminal Practitioners Arrested by the Police.

Hunted Down by a Female Detective Who Gathered Much Evidence Against the "Dectors."

NEW YORK, March 23 .- In the police dragnet to-night was gathered a large crowd of abortionists who have been doing a thriving business in this city. The arrests were made on warrants obtained by the Society for the Enforcement of the Criminal Law. In nearly every instance the police captured instruments, drugs and all the necessary appliances for carrying on the illegal business, which was conducted chiefly through advertisement. The arrests were made so promptly that the prisoners had no chance to get "tipped off" through the usual channels. The warrants were all of men made it impossible for any of the police later on. The prisoners are: Dr. Leo Randall, Mrs. Caroline Beeker, Mrs. Louise Schott, in whose possession were found various instruments; Dr. William Krausie, Dr. Newton Whitehead, described as "an old offender"; Mrs. Eliza Schroeder, Mrs. Benton Schwab, Mrs. Amelia Winkle-man, Dr. Seldon N. Crow, Mrs. Eleanor Landgraf, Mrs. Ella Laughlin, in whose apartments were an electric chair and other appliances; Mrs. Mary Gareconer, Mrs. F. Karch, Mrs. Christina Rothkrauss, Dr. Benjamin Hawker and Mrs. Walley Frown-

A female detective of the society secured the evidence on which the warrants were issued. She visited each place and learned many curious things about the way the illegal traffic is conducted. The charges made by these practitioners vary from \$25 to \$100, according to the circumstances, social position of the victim, etc. At the house of Mrs. Schroeder a horrible condition of affairs was revealed. Under the sink was the body of an infant, and in another place was the body of a still-born child. In one of the rooms was a young woman in charge of a servant. She was in a distressed condition, and the police procured for her a trained nurse and a police surgeon. The prisoners will be arraigned in the Yorkville court to-morrow.

HYERMAN ON TRIAL.

Opening of the Case Against the Commander of the Kearsarge.

NEW YORK, March 23.-The courtmartial for the trial of Commander Oscar F. Hyerman, late of the corvette Kearsarge, sat at the Brooklyn navy yard to-day. Commander Hyerman pleaded want of definite specifications in the charges preferred against him. The point, as explained by his counsel, Lieutenant Commander Marix, were that the words "currents well known to exist around Roncador reef" are not sufficiently explicit. The court ruled that the specifications as read should stand. Judge Advocate Kelly informed the court that two of the principal witnesses, Admiral Stanton and Lieut. C. H. Lyman, late navigator of the Kearsarge, had not yet arrived. The former, he said, lived in New London, and Lieutenant Lyman, he understood, had gone to Washington yesterday. It was expected that both would be on hand to-day, however, and the court took a recess until later in the day, when it was promised the witnesses should be present. A second adjournment until 2 p. m. was taken, Rear Admiral Stanton being still absent. Commander Hyerman has been, in accordance with the regulations, furnished with a list of witnesses to appear for and against him. When court reconvened Judge Advocate

Kelly said Commander Hyerman wished to correct a false impression which might have arisen by his first plea to "want of definite specifications." Lieutenant Commander Marix, as counsel for the defendant, stated that nothing was further from the Commander's mind than to take advantage of any technicalities during the trial. The case would, he said, be tried entirely on its merits. Judge Advocate Kelly then read to the court a request made by Commander Hyerman to the Secretary of the Navy for a copy of his record as a naval officer, and also for a copy of any charges which might have been preferred against the Commander during his period of services. As none of the principal witnesses had appeared, court then adjourned until 10:30 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Conductor Awarded Damages. LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 23 .- James E. Crouch, a conductor, who sued the Newport News & Mississippi Valley and the Chesapeake, Ohio & Southwestern railroads for \$25,000 damages for injuries received in a collision, was given a judgment to-day in the Circuit Court for \$8,750. The Chesapeake. Ohio & Southwestern is to pay \$6,250 and the Newport News & Mississippi Val-

Annie Pixley's Mother Not Satisfied. NEW YORK, March 23.-Starr L. Pixley to-day denied the report that Robert Fulford had handsomely provided for the moth-

the suit to an end.

NO APPEAL FOR CLEMENCY.

Uncle Sam Has Not Asked Mercy for Brazilian Rebels.

WASHINGTON, March 23,-A press dispatch from Rio de Janeiro says: "The decrees of 1838 and 1851 revived by Peixoto authorized the execution, without formal trial, of all persons who have taken up arms against the government, as well as those who have aided or abetted, directly or indirectly, in the cause of insurrection. The persons coming within the scope of the provision in question are not necessarily Brazilians. All foreigners who have in any way supported or co-operated with the insurgents are liable equally with the patives to the summary treatment contemplated by the decrees. To what extent the power of execution without trial is to be carried out is not yet known. In view of the present number of state prisoners, the possibilities are tremendous."

Another dispatch from Rio de Janeiro says: "The governments of the United States, Great Britain and Italy have, unitedly recommended to the government of Brazil that a humane course be adopted in regard to the insurgent refugees who have sought shelter on board the Portuguese war ships. The representatives of the governments mentioned have urged in support of their recommendations that the insurgents have committed no crime against

If there has been any joint action of the representatives of foreign powers at Rio towards securing elemency from Peixoto for the fugitive rebels the United States government is not a party to the action. Our government throughout the Brazilian troubles has preserved an attitude of noninterference, and it can be stated that there will be no departure from that position now that the rebellion at Rio is over. is quite inconceivable that Thompson should officially break the rule without specific instructions from Washington, which he has not had.

Minister Mendonca, when seen to-day, said that he had received no information from Brazil regarding the probable course of Pelxoto toward the surrendered revolution ists, and consequently would neither affirm nor deny the report that they would be executed without trial under the imperial decrees of 1838 and 1851. These decrees of the empire, the Minister said, are still part of the law of Brazil, as the republic has re-pealed only such of the old laws as came in conflict with its system. They merely carry into effect, he said, established laws of warfare, which permit the summary ex-ecution of insurrectionists who are captured under arms or surrender unconditionally and prescribe the details of the manner in which the prisoners shall be executed. Shooting is the form of death demanded by these laws, and they provide for a more summary process even than the drumhead court-martial, which is the shortest form of militia trial common to most nations.

Mello Will Continue the Fight. BUENOS AYRES, March 23 .- Advices received here from Desterro say that Admiral De Mello has been proclaimed head of the provisional government and that he has announced his intention of continuing the struggle against President Peixoto.

THREE ARCTIC EXPEDITIONS. All Will Start from St. Johns, N. F., for

the Frozen North. ST. JOHNS, N. F., March 23.-Preparations are being made here for three Arctic exploring expeditions. One, consisting of three or four persons, probably under the leadership of Professor Hollprin, of Philadelphia, will go to Bowdern bay in West Greenland in the steamer Falcon this summer, and will bring back Lieutenant Peary and the party that went with him to the Arctic regions. During the winter another expedition under Mr. Stein, consisting of eight persons, proposes going to Smith's conduct geological investigations. They will remain three years. Three of this party find the Swedish explorers, Bjorling and Walstennins, who went north in 1892 in the schooner Ripple and were supposed to be lost, as the vessel's wreck was found last year. The third 'expedition projected will be the largest in many years. The American consul has signed a treaty for a steamer to take a party of sixteen scientists north to a place on Lady Franklin bay. The expedition is under the auspices of the American government, and an appropriation by Congress is awaited before ompleting the arrangements. The purposes of the expedition are geographical, geological and meteorological investigations. The party will remain north four years. A steamer is likely to visit them with fresh supplies two years after start-

A Mythical Expedition. WASHINGTON, March 23 .- Careful inquiry among the scientific bureaus of the government fails to disclose any project for an Arctic expedition under governmental auspices, such as is reported from St. Johns to be under way. The scientific people here are intensely interested in Arctic exploration, but they feel that they have every reason to expect an of the disclosures and discoveries they may reasonably hope for from the half dozen wells equipped private expeditions that have gone or are about to go north this year.

VICTIMS OF DYNAMITE.

Factory Destroyed, House Demolished and Five Persons Killed.

PITTSBURG, March 23 .- The dynamite works of the Acme Powder Company, at Black's run, a mile and a half above Hulton the Allegheny river, consisting of four brick buildings, were destroyed by an explosion at 7 o'clock. A boarding house near by was also demolished. None of the inmates escaped. Five were killed and one seriously hurt. Four members of the Remaley family, who kept the boarding house, were mangled, two of the bodies being torn to pieces. The dead are:

SAMUEL REMALEY. SADIE REMALEY. SAMUEL REMALEY.

WILLIAM ARTHUR Mrs. William Arthur was seriously injured. The debris of the wrecked buildings took fire and was reduced to ashes. It is supposed that a workman entered one of the buildings with a light, contrary to orders. There were ten thousand pounds of dynamite in the works at the time of the explosion. The loss was \$15,000. The plant will be rebuilt at once.

Mrs. Carnegie's Yacht. BALTIMORE, Md., March 23.-Mrs. Lucy

. Carnegie's yacht Dungeness, being built here by the Maryland Steel Company, is nearing completion. It will be equipped with an electric lighting plant, which will include a string of incandescent lights that can be arranged from the bow to the top of both masts and to stern, enveloping the craft in a blaze of light. Mrs. Carnegie has decided not to take her yacht to Florida, but, in charge of Captain James Woodrow, of this port, she will go to the New England coast, and the owner will be admitted to membership in the New York

Poisoned by Enting Corned Beef. CLEVELAND, March 23.-Three severs cases of poisoning following the eating of canned beef occurred at the boarding house of Richard Milburn, at No. 285 St. Clair street, last night. Milburn and two boarders ate freely of corned beef for supper. During the night the three men were taken violently Ill. A physician worked over them four hours before relief came. Milburn is in a precarious condition, and it is thought he will not recover. The other two are out of danger.

Prof. Hartshorn Pleads Guilty. NEWCASTLE, Pa., March 23.-Professor Hartshorn, who was on trial for a since n the performance of a criminal operation, withdrew his plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty. He is still under indictment for murder. Miss Alda Robinson, the trial created a sensation on account of the prominence of all the parties concerned.

Bankers Are Urging the President to Kill the Bland Bill.

Hundreds of Letters, Petitions and Telegrams Arriving at the White House. and Nearly All of the Same Tenor.

AMENDED ANTI-OPTION BILL

How Mr. Hatch Proposes to Wipe Out Sales of "Futures," Etc.

Representative Conn, of Elkhart, Unwilling to Test His Popularity at the Polls Again.

WASHINGTON, March 23 .- Probably because it was Cabinet day and, therefore, difficult to get the ear of the President. there were few Congressmen at the Whita House to-day. But they have in no des gree been relieved of anxiety as to the fate of the seigniorage bill, and doubtless will make up in numbers to-morrow the omissions of to-day.

The situation at the White House presents one strong feature of novelty in the fact that it appears to be the scene of a bloodless battle just now between the Congressmen on the one hand, the large majority of whom are urging signing of the seigniorage bill, and the great commercial interests of the country on the other, for twenty-nine out of every thirty of the communications coming from them pray for the veto of the bill. The Congressmen dence in great force in the enormous number of letters that burden the presidential mail and of telegrams that come so numerously as to keep the wires hot and the White House operator occupied to his full capacity. These communications by mail and wire are coming from all parts of the country, and are not, as might be supposed, altogether of Eastern origin. For instance, to-day there were appeals for a veto from Cincinnati, St. Louis, San Francisco and Salem, Ore. Virginia has also joined the line, as was made evident by protests against the bill from the cotton factors of Norfolk and the transportation interests there. A very thoughtful presentation of objections to the bill, coming from Richmond, without doubt has made some impression upon the President. Of course it is manifestly impossible for the Presis dent to read himself in detail all of these communications, but they are carefully examined by Mr. Thurber, and any new point or suggestion on either side of the case is brought to the attention of the President.

There are all sorts of stories afloat as to the President's disposition towards the bill, and some have gone to the length of reciting that he has already prepared a veto message. If this be true, he has not taken the members of the Cabinet into his confidence, and at the meeting to-day the subject was discussed from all points of view, with a distinct impression on the minds the members of the Cabinet that the President is still open to conviction. He has up to and including next Thursday-nearly a week-to make up his mind what to do with the bill, and there are indications that he proposes to use most of this time in thoughtful consideration of the matter. It is certain that he has committed himself to no man as respects his action on the bill. When a Congressman calls to urge the signature of the bill he is likely to have put to him a question that discourages him, but he soon, learns that his colleague who prays for a veto has had a precisely similar experience, and both are left in more doubt as to the outcome than before their call. It is noticeable that some of the communications received urging a veto concede that owing to the slow formation of popular opinion the result may be a temporary party loss at the polls, but they insist that n the end the sound and conservative course they approve will surely be rewarded by popular support. This view is strongly expressed in the communications from the South, which, in cases, adjure the President to follow the line of conduct pursued by him in making the tariff issue. The comparatively few appeals for the signature of the bill, as a rule, are based on the plea that it will do no harm, and is absolutely demanded to insure party unity and control of the next House of Repre-A rumor has found publication to the effect that the President is about to go on a fishing trip of a few days, probably to Woodmont, W. Va., but the rumor can be

positively denied. Wall Street's Information.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, March 23 .- E. C. Benedict, the intimate Wall-street friend of President Cleveland, telegraphed from New York to-day that the Bland silver seigniorage bill would be vetoed. Wall-street specu-lators always have inside information from this administration and this Congress. They know what is going to happen before the people in Washington are informed.

NEW ANTI-OPTION BILL.

A Stringent Measure That Imposes & Heavy Tax on "Wind" Sales. WASHINGTON, March 23.-The House

committee on agriculture has completed its consideration of the anti-option bill, and to-day authorized it to be reported to the House. As agreed on, the bill provides that every "option" contract and every "futures" contract shall have affixed thereto internal revenue stamps representing taxes as follows: For every ten thousand pounds of cotton, hops, pork, lard, bacon, dried, salt and pickled meats, 1 cent, and every one thousand bushels of wheat and other grains, 1 cent. Every cancellation, clearance, acquittance, contango, backwardation privilege, waiver, or other agreement by which the options or futures are terminated otherwise than by actual sale and delivery, or such termination is delayed or obviated, shall have affixed internal revenue stamps representing taxes as follows: For every pound of raw or unmanufactured cotton, hops, pork, lard and bacon, 1 cent a pound; for every bushel of wheat, 3 cents; and for every bushel of corn, oats, rye and barley, 2 cents. Every bill of sale executed at the termination of contract is to have affixed thereto a two-cent internal revenue stamp. The special tax on dealers' options and futures is fixed at \$12 instead of \$24, as originally proposed, and the penal bond required to be furnished is fixed at \$3,000 instead of \$10,000. Another amendment was adopted by

which a person engaged in the business may move from any State to another on notice to the collector of the district in which his business is carried on. Notice to the collector must state the principal place where his business is carried on. This amendment was adopted to meet the objections of the Southern members who represent constituents dealing in cotton who move frequently from place to place, and who would not be able to conveniently furnish a penalty bond for the observance of the law in each city in which they may In the first section, which defines options,

the bill has been amended so as to apply to "any person as vendee for whom or in whose behalf such contract is made, well as to the party acquiring the right to sell or deliver to another at a future time, or within a designated month or other period. The same modification as to the time limit was made with regard to "future" contracts, Dry-salted meat and pickled meat are added to the list of articles to which the bill is to apply, and flour is dropped therefrom. All option and future contracts and transfers and assign-